Appln. No. 10/587,604 Reply to Office Action of June 23, 2008

## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A display method comprising comprising:

generating images comprising source data and source frame synchronization instants shaving having a source frame rate,

storing the source data in a frame memory under control of a first address pointer having a start address being determined by the source frame synchronization instants,

reading during a read period, period display data from the memory sunder under control of a second address pointer having a start address being determined by display frame synchronization instants having a display frame rate,

displaying the display data on a matrix display, and

controlling the source frame rate or the display frame rate to obtain, in a stable situation, the first address pointer and the second address pointer starting with an offset in time which has a fixed polarity during the read period and a ratio of two between the display frame rate and the source frame rate

## 2. (Currently Amended) A display system comprising comprising:

a video source for generating images comprising source data and source frame synchronization instants having a source frame rate,

means for storing the source data in a frame memory under control of a first address pointer having a start address being determined by the source frame synchronization instants instants.

means for reading during a read period display data from the memory under control of a second address pointer having a start address being determined by display frame synchronization instants having a display frame rate.

means for displaying the display data on a matrix display and means for controlling the source frame rate or the display frame rate to obtain, in a stable situation, the first address pointer and the second address pointer starting with an offset in time which has a fixed polarity during the read period and a ratio of two between the display frame rate and the source frame rate rate.

- 3. (Previously Presented) A display system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the means for controlling comprise:
- means for comparing the source frame synchronization instants and the display synchronization instants or signals related thereto, and
- means for adapting the source frame rate or the display frame rate in response to the comparing to obtain the second pointer always lagging the first pointer during the read period in times or the other way around.
- 4. (Previously Presented) A display system claimed in claim 2, wherein the means for controlling comprise:
- means for determining the offset in time between one of the source frame synchronization instants and one of the display frame synchronization instants succeeding each other, and means for adapting the source frame rate or the display frame rate to obtain a substantially identical source frame rate and display frame rate and a predetermined fixed value of the offset in time.
- 5. (Previously Presented) A display system as claimed in claim 4, wherein the means for adapting are arranged to obtain the offset in time between the first pointer and the second pointer being substantially equal to half a source write period, the source write period being the period in time required for the storing of the source data of one source frame of the source data.
- 6. (Previously Presented) A display system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the means for displaying the display data further comprise:
- means for generating a clock signal, and means for generating the display frame synchronization instants using the clock signal, and
- wherein the means for controlling the display frame rate comprise means for adapting a frequency of the clock signal.
- 7. (Previously Presented) A display system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the means for displaying the display data further comprise:

means for generating a clock signal, means for generating line instants indicating a start of the lines of the display data using the clock signal, the line instants determining line periods, and

means for generating the display frame synchronization instants using the line instants, and wherein the means for controlling the display frame rate comprise means for adapting a frequency of the clock signal to vary a duration of the line periods.

8. (Previously Presented) A display system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the means for displaying the display data further comprise:

means for generating a clock signal, means for generating line instants indicating a start of the lines of the display data by counting the clock signal, the line instants determining line periods, and

means for generating the display frame synchronization instants using the line instants, and wherein the means for controlling the display frame rate comprise means for adapting the line periods by varying a number of clock pulses of the clock signal to be counted.

9. (Previously Presented) A display system method as claimed in claim 2, wherein a display frame period has a duration being an inverse of the display frame rate and comprises the means for for the read period and an idle period,

wherein during the read period, the means for reading are arranged for reading the display data from the memory under control of the second address pointer, and

wherein during the idle period no display data is read from the memory and wherein the means for controlling the display frame rate comprises means for varying the idle time.

10. (Previously Presented) A display system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the means for controlling comprise:

means for determining the offset in time, and

means for adapting the display frame rate to obtain a display frame rate being substantially identical to two times the source frame rate and to obtain a predetermined fixed offset in time, by having

(i) the second pointer pointing to a first source video line of an already stored source video frame at an instant preceding the instant the first pointer is pointing to a first source

- video line a next source video frame to read the first source video line before the first source video line of the next source video frame is stored, and
- (ii) the second pointer pointing to a last source video line of the next source video frame at an instant later than an instant the first pointer is pointing to the last source video line of the next source video frame to read the last source video line of the next source video frame after it has been stored.
- 11. (Previously Presented) A display system as claimed in claim 2,
- wherein a display frame period has a duration being an inverse of the display frame rate and comprises the read period and an idle period,
- wherein during the read period, the means for reading are arranged for reading the display data from the memory under control of the second address pointer, and wherein during the idle period no display data is read from the memory and
- wherein the means for controlling comprise: means for setting a free running display frame rate to a value lower than the value of the source display frame rate wherein a duration of the read period is shorter than a source frame period, and
- means for restarting the display frame periods in response to received source synchronization instants.